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3 Hours / 70 Ma	ırks	Seat No.								
Instructions :	<ul> <li>(2) Illust</li> <li>(3) Figure</li> <li>(4) Assure</li> <li>(5) Use</li> <li>permetical</li> </ul>	uestions are <b>con</b> trate your answe res to the <b>right</b> i me suitable data of Non-progran <b>issible</b> . erably write the o	ers with ndicate 1, if <b>ne</b> nmabl	h neat e <b>full</b> r cessar e Elec	narks. y. etronic	Poci	ket C		·	
									]	Mark
1. Attempt any five of the	he followin	g :							(5>	<2=10
a) Define "Chain sur	rvey".									
b) Enlist various me	thods of lev	velling.								
c) Define plane surv	ey and geo	detic survey.								
d) State any two cau	ses of local	attraction.								
e) State meaning of	i) A scale o	f plan ii) Drawii	ng to s	cale.						
f) Define "Contour"	and "Cont	our line".								
g) Enlist the compor	nents of dig	ital planimeter.								
2. Attempt any three :									(4>	<3=12
a) Define : i) Magne	etic Bearing	g ii) FB iii) BB i	iv) Bea	aring o	f line.					
b) Explain the princi	ipal of surv	eying.								
c) Explain temporar	y adjustme	nt of dumpy leve	el.							
<ul> <li>d) Convert the follow</li> <li>247°30′ 167</li> <li>51°15′ 333</li> </ul>	°45′	egs from WCB to	) QB							
<b>3.</b> Attempt <b>any three</b> :									(4>	<3=12
a) Explain important	ce of bench	mark in levellin	g.							
<ul><li>b) Draw conventiona</li><li>i) Compound was</li></ul>	5	for Pucca building	ij	i) Cut	ting	iv)	Em	bankr	nent	
c) Explain declination	on of magne	etic needle and g	give its	s types						
d) Draw sketch of du	umpy level	and name all pa	rts.							
										<b>P.T.O</b>

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4. Attempt any three :

- a) Differentiate between height of instrument and rise and fall method.
- b) Explain procedure for computing volume by
  - i) Trapezoidal formula
  - ii) Prismoidal formula
- c) Explain four uses of contour map.
- d) Following consecutive readings were taken with a level on 4 m staff on continuously sloping ground at common interval 30 m.

0.76, 1.515, 1.935, 2.400, 2.985, 3.650, 1.015, 1.855, 2.495, 3.57, 0.875, 1.085, 1.790, 2.450.

RL of first point is 200.500 m.

Calculate RL of all points by HI method.

- e) Describe procedure for measuring area using digital planimeter.
- 5. Attempt any two :
  - a) Calculate included angle for closed traverse and apply usual check

Line	FB	BB
AB	46°30′	226°30′
BC	117°30′	298°
CD	168°	349°
DA	290°	112°30′

b) Plot the following cross staff survey of field and calculate area in  $m^2$ . All readings are in 'm'.

c) Following consecutive readings are taken on levelling staff on continuous sloping ground at an interval 25 m.

0.950, 1.615, 1.925, 2.515, 2.895, 3.495, 1.125, 1.980, 2.450, 3.750, 0.925, 1.455, 1.750, 2.850.

The RL of first point is 100.000 m. Rule out page of level of field book and enter the above reading. Calculate RL of all points by rise and fall method. Also find gradient of line joining first and last point.

Marks

(4×3=12)

(6×2=12)

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#### 6. Attempt any two :

a) Contour survey data of a field is shown in given figure. Draw 94.000m contour line by linear interpolation method. Show all the calculations grid size is 10 m × 10 m.

90.000 A	B 95.000
91.275 C	D 96.135
94.030 E	F 97.815

b) Following bearings were recorded in running closed traverse ABCDE. Calculate included angle of the traverse.

Line	Forebearing	Backbearing
AB	110°0′	290°0′
BC	30°15′	214°15′
CD	244°0′	64°0′
DE	310°15′	130°15′
EA	192°45′	14°45′

c) Find the missing readings marked as 'X' and apply the usual check.

Stn.	B.S.	I.S.	F.S.	Rise	Fall	R.L.	Remark
1	2.345					129.50	BM1
2	1.650		Х	0.035			
3		2.210			Х		
4	X		1.850	X			
5	1.850		1.925		0.455		C.P.
6			Х	0.37		129.00	

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(6×2=12)